Vascular Plants of Williamson County

Ruellia caerulea – BRITTON RUELLIA [Acanthaceae]

Ruellia caerulea Morong, BRITTON RUELLIA. Perennial herb (in range aquatic), taprooted and fibrous-rooted, not rosetted, many-stemmed at base, with ascending to erect principal branches, in range to 110 cm tall; shoots with only cauline leaves, initially with sparse, weak hairs to 1 mm long but mature shoots appearing essentially glabrous. Stems: 4sided with rounded edges, to 10 mm diameter, red on exposed faces and green on other faces, opposite pair of faces with broad channel and other opposite pair with 2 narrow grooves on each face, internode to 50 mm long conspicuously enlarged above each node gradually tapered to next node, ledges retaining weak hairs; solid. Leaves: opposite decussate, simple, petiolate with a pair of low ledges across each node, without stipules; petiole channeled, < 10–20 mm long, indistinct from blade, having a pair of broad veins (channeled) becoming the channeled midrib of the blade; blade lanceolate-linear or oblanceolate-linear to linear-narrowly elliptic, < 100–190 × < 10–17.5 mm, long-tapered at base, subentire, red-purple, and short-strigose ciliate on margins, acuminate at tip, pinnately veined with principal veins conspicuously raised on both surfaces, lower surface having occasional hairs retained. **Inflorescence:** leafy cyme, axillary paired from node or 1 cyme paired with a vegetative shoot arising from other axillary bud; peduncle ridged, slender, to 70 mm long, with short-stalked glandular hairs; bract and bractlet subtending pedicel opposite at node, equal, leaflike but sessile, acuminate-lanceolate, to 20 × 2 mm, midrib slightly sunken on upper surface and raised on lower surface, upper surface with abundant, subsessile glandular hairs; pedicel cylindric, 25–30 mm long, with stalked glandular hairs having mushroom-shaped (flat-topped) heads aging red. Flower: bisexual, bilateral, 38–45 mm across; calyx deeply 5-lobed; tube barrel-shaped, ca. 2×3 mm, fleshy, pinkish to pinkish red, glabrous; lobes unequal with 1 noticeably shorter (2 mm shorter), ascending-spreading, narrowly triangular to acuminate-lanceolate, $6-12 \times 2$ mm, green or reddish to purple-red, somewhat fleshy, upper surface short-strigose with upwardpointing hairs, lower surface lacking nonglandular hairs and having conspicuous, scattered, stalked glandular hairs (sometimes aging reddish); corolla 2-lipped, 5-lobed; tube-throat enlarged around ovary and somewhat compressed side-to-side, ca. $12 \times 3.5 \times 2.5$ mm, white at base above green aging with light purple, having mixed nonglandular short hairs and stalked glandular hairs; throat (above origin of free filaments) ± funnel-shaped, ca. 22 mm long, ca. 18 mm wide at orifice, pink-purple with principal veins violet and raised on outer surface, outer surface with mixed nonglandular and glandular hairs, inner surface floor with red-purple nectar lines; upper lip 2-lobed and lower lip 3-lobed; lobes subequal, roundish, ca. 20×20 mm, pink purple, lacking hairs on both surfaces; stamens 4, fused to corolla in pairs of 1 short + 1 long, positioned lateral to style with anthers appressed to upper side of corolla throat; filament pairs forming compressed ridges to 0.6 mm high arising from base of corolla tube and extending to midpoint of throat, free filaments 4.5-6 mm long (lower stamens) and 9–12 mm long (upper stamens 2×), filament tissue white, glabrous; anthers dorsifixed, dithecal, 3.3–3.5 mm long, white, longitudinally dehiscent; pollen white; **nectary disc** beneath ovary, barrel-shaped to 5-angled, $0.8-1 \times 1.7-1.9$ mm, white, producing copious thin nectar contained within corolla tube; **pistil** 1; ovary superior, lanceoloid, at anthesis $3.5-3.8 \times 1$ mm, green, glabrous except having some stalked

glandular hairs at top on green tissue just below style (persistent in fruit), 2-chambered, each chamber with ca. 15 ovules attached alternating from placenta. **Fruit:** capsule, dehiscent, 2-valved, \pm 20-seeded, oblanceoloid, $25-29\times5$ mm, brown, glabrous. **Seed:** waferlike broadly ovate compressed front-to-back, ca. $3.5\times3\times1$ mm, red-brown, soft-puberulent.

A. C. Gibson